CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1	1. An optical sensing assembly for a computer input device configured to
2	receive power from a self-contained power source, the optical sensing assembly for
3	characterizing movement relative to the optical sensing assembly and comprising:
4	a photo-sensitive element configured to receive reflected light from a light source
5	to produce a first image data associated with a first image and a second
6	image data associated with a second image;
7	an image data processing logic coupled to the photo-sensitive element for
8	receiving the image data and configured to determine image difference
9	data from differences between the first image data and the second image
10	data; and
11	a power control logic operatively coupled to the image data processing logic and
12	configured to implement a native power control mode wherein an internal
13	algorithm changes the power consumption of the optical sensing assembly
14	from a full power mode to one or more lower power modes based on the
15	image difference data.
1	2. The optical sensing assembly of claim 1, wherein the photo-sensitive element is
2	one of a CCD array or a photo diode.
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1	3. The optical sensing assembly of claim 2, wherein the photo-sensitive element is
2	a CCD array having a set of pixels and the image data comprises a bit vector
3	corresponding to a set of states of the set of pixels.

1	4. The optical sensing assembly of claim 1, further comprising a focusing lens
2	coupled to the photo-sensitive element for focusing the reflected light to the photo-
3	sensitive element.
1	5. The optical sensing assembly of claim 1, wherein the image data processing
2	logic is further configured to translate the image difference data to one of position data or
3	displacement distance data.
1	6. A method for detecting movement with a photo sensing device configured to
2	receive power from a self-contained power source, the method comprising:
3	receiving reflected light from a light source to produce a first image data
4	associated with a first image and a second image data associated with a
5	second image;
6	determining image difference data from differences between the first image data
7	and the second image data; and
8	implementing a native power control mode wherein an internal algorithm changes
9	the power consumption of the photo-sensing device from a full power
10	mode to one or more lower power modes based on the image difference
11	data.